# Islamic Sciences Part 4

# Timeline of the Sīrah

- ????? BC Nuh, son Sam (semite)
- 5000+ BC `Ād, Thamūd
  - Arab al-Ba`idah
  - o Arab al-Baqiyah
    - Qahtani (`Āribah)
    - Adnani (Musta`ribah)
- 3-4000 BC Ibrahim, Isma`il
  - Hajar and Isma`il's migration to Makkah
  - Construction of the Ka`bah
  - Isma`il married Qahtani
- 123 AD Adnan from Isma`il
- ... Quraysh from Adnan
- 372 AD Kilāb
- 400 AD Quşay b. Kilab
  - Chief of the Quraysh
  - Brought people to Makkah
  - Custodian of the Ka`bah
  - Caretaker of the pilgrims
- 430 AD `Abd Manāf b. Qusay
  - Chief of the Quraysh
  - Caretaker of the pilgrims
- 464 AD Hāshim b. `Abd Manaf
  - Chief of the Quraysh
  - Caretaker of the pilgrims
  - Started the journey of winter and summer
- 500 AD Abd al-Muttalib (Shaybah) b. Hashim
  - Chief of the Quraysh
  - Rediscovered well of Zam-Zam
  - 570 AD Defended Makkah from Abrahah's elephant army
  - 10 sons and 6 daughters
    - Fatima: `Abdullah, Abu Tālib, Zubayr; Umm Hakim Baydah, Atiqah, Arwa, Barrah.
    - Nutaylah: Abbas, Dirar.
    - Hala: Hamza, Mugawwim, Hajl Safiyya
    - Samrah: Harith.
    - Lubni: Abu Lahab (Abdul-Uzza).
- 545 AD `Abdullah b. `Abd al-Muttalib

- Smartest son
- Married Aminah bt, Wahab b, `Adb Manaf of Banu Zahrah
- Died very young in Madinah on way back from summer journey to Syria
- صلى الله عليه في الله 570 AD Birth of Rasūlullāh
  - During the Year of the Elephant
  - o Foster care in Banu Sa'd by Halimah bt. Abu Dhu'ayb
  - Shayma' his milk sister
  - First opening of the chest
  - Mother dies when he was 6 years old
- 576 AD Guardianship for by `Abd al-Muttalib (Grandfather)
  - o Grandfather dies after 2 years
- 58? AD Guardianship by Abu Talib
  - Incident of Bahirah Monk (very questionable)
- 58? AD Particiapted in the Battle of Hilf al-Fudul
- 59? AD Adopted Zayd b. Harithah
  - Known as the son of Muhammad
  - Married Umm Ayman, older servant of Khadija
  - Usamah b. Zayd born 7 BH
- 595 AD Married Khadijah (at Age 25)
  - o Immense love between them
  - Wealthy woman and financially supported Islam
- 600 AD Birth of Zaynab bt. Muhammad
  - Married `Abdul`as, Khadijah's nephew
  - o Children: `Ali, Umamah
  - Widowed during Hijrah
- 603 AD Birth of Rugyyah bt. Muhammad
  - Married son of Abu Lahab
  - Married `Uthman later
- 605 AD Rebuilding of the Ka`bah
  - o Now a square foundation instead of rectangle due to material shortage
- 605 AD Birth of Fatimah bt. Muhammad
- 608 AD Birth of Umm Kulthum bt. Muhammad
  - Married son of Abu Lahab
  - Married `Uthman later
  - o Died 8 H
- 610 AD Start of dreams and premonitions
- 610 AD First revelation (at Age 40)
  - Khadijah and Waragah were first muslims
  - Surahs Igra ayat, Muddatthir, Muzzammil, Qalam
  - o Zayd, Abu Bakr, `Ali convert
  - Night prayer
- 13 BH Start of private proclamation

- Abu Bakr's converts: `Uthman ibn 'Affan, Zubayr bin 'Awwam, `Abd al-Rahman b. `Awf, Sa'd b. Abi Waqqas, Talhah b. `Ubayd Allah
- Other converts: Ja`far b. Abi Talib, `Abdullah b. Mas`ud, `Ammar b. Yasir, Suhayb al-Rumi, Arqam
- o Dar al-Arqam used as a Islam Central
- 12 BH Start of public proclamation (at Age 43)
  - o Shock, aww
  - Name calling during Haji
  - Questions from Jews/Christians
  - Plea to Abu Talib for him to stop
- 11 BH Start of persecution of Muslims
  - `Ammar b. Yasir, and parents Thumyyah and Yasir
  - o Bilal b. Abu Rabah, Khabbab b. Arath, Suhayb al-Rumi, Zanirah
  - o Atrocities against Rasūlullāh عليه وسلم
  - Daughters divorced by Aby Lahab's sons
- 10 BH First Hijrah to Abyssinia
  - o 12 men, 5 women
  - Protection under the Negus (As·humah)
- 7 BH Conversion of Hamzah b. `Abd al-Muttalib
- 7 BH Conversion of `Umar b. al-Khattab
- ? BH Incident of the Satanic Verses
- ? BH Second Hijrah to Abyssinia
  - o 83 men, 19 women
- 6 BH Boycott of Banu Hashim (not well documented)
- 4 BH Year of Sorrow
  - Death of Abu Talib
  - Death of Khadijah
  - Abu Lahab becomes the Chieftain
  - Tortured in Ta'if
  - Returns to Makkah under Mut`im b. `Adi's protection
- 3 BH Married Sawda'
- 4? BH Journey of Isra' and Mi`raj
- ... Da`wah to Hajj pilgrims
- 3 BH Conversion of 6 people of Yathrib
- 2 BH Minor Pledge of `Agabah
  - 12 people from Yathrib gave pledges
  - Sent Mu`adh b. `Umayr to Yathrib
- 1 BH Major Pledge of `Agabah
  - 75 people from Yathrib gave pledges
- 1 BH Married `A'ishah bt. Abu Bakr
- 1 BH Hijrah of Companion begins
- 1 AH Hijrah to Yathrib/Madinah
  - o Cave of Thawr

- Incident with Suragah
- Miracle of goat at Umm Ma`bad
- Arrival at Quba on Mon, 8th of Rabi` al-Awwal
- First Jumu`ah between Quba and Madinah
- Brotherhood in Madinah
- Building of Masjid al-Nabawi
- Housing for the wives (Hujurat)
- Incident of Adhan
- Treaty with Jewish tribes (names of significant tribes not found)
  - Banu Qaynuga<sup>c</sup>, Banu Nadir, Banu Qurayzah
- 2 AH Change of Qiblah
- 2 AH Expeditions before Badr
  - Expedition of Abwa'
  - Expedition of Banu Mudlii
  - Battle of Safwan (Minor Badr)

## 2 AH Battle of Badr (Muslims vs. Quraysh)

- Cause: Raid of Abu Sufyan's caravan back from Syria
- Upgrade of the Pledge of `Aqabah from protection to offensive fighting by Sa`d b. Mu`adh
- o 312 Muslims, about 1,000 Quraysh
  - Muhajirun: 82-85, Ansar: 231, Aws: 61, Khazraj: 170
- 14 Sahabah martyred, 70 Quraysh killed, 70 prisinors of war
- ... Events before Uhud
  - Ka`b b. al-Ashraf incided war against Muslims
- 2 AH Death of Rugyyah bt. Muhammad
- 2 AH Banishment of Banu Qavnuga`
- 2 AH `Ali marries Fatimah
- 3 AH Married Zaynab bt. Khuzaymah

# • 3 AH Battle of Uhud (Muslims vs. Quraysh)

- Cause: Revenge of Quraysh
- o 700 Muslims, 3,000 Quraysh
- o `Abdullah b. Ubay withdrew, leaving 700 Muslims
- Death of Hamzah b. `Abd al-Muttalib and Mus`ab b. `Umayr
- o Attack on Rasūlullāh عليه and rumor of his death
- ~70 Sahabah martyred, ~30 Quraysh killed
- 3 AH Married Hafsah bt. `Umar al-Kattab
- 3 AH Hasan b. `Ali born
- 4 AH Treachery of Banu `Amir at Bi`r Ma'unah
  - 70 Sahabah martyred
- 4 AH Banishment of Banu Nadir
  - o Cause: Treachery of Banu Nadir
- 4 AH Death of Zaynab bt. Khuzaymah
- 4 AH Married Umm Salama (Hind) bt. Abu Umayyah

- 5 AH Expedition of Dhat al-Riga' w/ Ghatafan
  - o Cause: Surprise attack to quell plots
- 5 AH Treaty with Banu Muta`liq
  - Whole tribe converted
- 5 AH Married Juwayriyah bt. al-Harith
- 5 AH Slander of `Ai'shah
- 5 AH Battle of Ahzab/Trench (Muslims vs. Non-Muslim Confederates)
  - o Cause: Revenge
  - o 3,000 Muslims, and 10,000 non-Muslims
  - o 1-5 Muslims martyred, 10 non-Muslims killed
  - Fierce wind from the east
  - Combining prayers

# 5 AH Punishment of Banu Qurayzah (Muslims vs. Jewsis Tribe)

- o Cause: Treachery of Banu Qurayzah
- Long siege
- Execution of 400–700 Jewish men
- Death of Sa`d b. Mu`adh
- 6 AH Start of delegation visits
- 6 AH Governer of Egypt gifting of Mariyah Qibtiyyah
- 6 AH Treaty of Hudaybiyyah (Muslims vs. Quraysh)
  - 1,400 Muslims set out for `Umrah by prevented by Quraysh
  - o Bay'at al-Ridwan: Muslims gave pledge to Rasūlullāh عليه وسلي الله
  - Treaty between Muslims and Quraysh
    - Muslims will return to Madinah and perform `Umrah the next year but can only remain in Makkah for 3 days
    - Peace for 10 years
    - Makkans seeking refuge in Madinah to be returned but Madinans moving to Makkah not to be returned
    - Any tribe wanting to be allied with Muslims or Quraish can do so
- 6 AH Married Zavnab bt. Jahsh

#### • 7 AH Surrender of Khaybar tribes (Muslims vs. Jewsis Tribes)

- Cause: Treachery of Khaybar tribes
- 1,600 Muslims, 10,000 Jews, 4,000 Ghatafan
- Siege of 6-8 fortresses
- 20 Muslims martyred, 93 non-Muslims killed
- o Poisoning of Rasūlullāh عليه وسلم
- Results: 50% of produce goes to Muslims
- Jews expelled during khilafah of `Umar RA
- 7 AH Abu Hurayrah arrives from Yemen
- 7 AH Arrival of Muslims from Abyssinia
- 7 AH Married Safiyyah bt. Huyayy (from Khaybar)
- 7 AH Married Umm Habibah (Ramlah) bt. Abu Sufyan
- 7 AH Performing of `Umrah al-Qada'

- o 3 days in Makkah
- Quraysh vacated homes
- 7 AH Married Maymunah bt. al-Harith

## 8 AH Expedition of Mu'tah

- Cause: Killing of a Muslim emissary
- o 3,000 Muslims, 10-20,000 non-Muslims
- 12 key Sahabah martyred including Zayd
- 8 AH Death of Zayd b. Harithah
- 8 AH Death of Zaynab bt. Muhammad
- 8 AH Marital dispute

## 8 AH Conquest of Makkah (Muslims vs. Quraysh)

- Cause: Quraysh violation treaty with Muslims
  - Banu Bakr killed the Muslim tribe Banu Khuza`ah in the Haram
  - Abu Sufyan came to Madinah to renew the treaty
- Attempted leak of the news of the Conquest by Hatib b. Abi Baltah
- No battle bloodshed
  - "No blame will be on you today."
  - "Those in the house of Abu Sufyan are safe"
- Some executions
- Breaking of idols
- Met Shayma'

# • 8 AH Battle of Hunayn (Muslims vs. Banu Thaqif & Hawazin)

- Cause: Tribes of tribe attacked growing Muslims
- o 12,000 Muslims, 20,000 non-Muslims
- 4 Muslims martyred, hundreds of non-Muslims killed
- Distribution of tremendous wealth
- 8 AH Seige of Ta`if (Muslims vs Banu Thaqif)
  - Seige for 2 weeks or more
  - First use of catapult
  - Unable to gain victory
  - Story of Ansar and their disappointment about not getting wealth
- 9 AH Announcement of cleansing Arabia during Hajj
  - Hajj made obligatory and 300 Muslims performed Hajj with Abu Bakr
  - Sent `Ali to announce:
    - The Messenger of Allah sent for 'Ali ibn Abi Talib and said to him,
    - No one shall enter Jannah other than a Muslim
    - No one shall perform tawaf naked
    - No mushrik shall ever perform tawaf ever given
    - Any contract with any tribe shall exist for 4 more months, after this there is no treaty (unless there's a pre-set time clause)

### • 9 AH Expedition of Tabuk (Muslims vs. Northern Threat)

- Cause: Allah testing hypocrites, ripe crops
- Story of Ka'b b. Malik, 1 of 3, who stayed behind

- No battle took place
- o Attack on Rasūlullāh صلى by hypocrites
- Masjid Dirar

# 10 AH Farewell Hajj

- ~100.000 Muslims at this time
- Farewell Sermons (multiple):
  - Do not kill one another
  - Life and property are sacred
  - Prior revenges and interest is abolished
  - Protect women and honor their right
  - Two weighty things:
    - Hold on to the Book of Allah
    - Hold on to members of my household
  - Time has returned to its rightful place
  - Fear Allah, worship, to enter Jannah
  - No favoritism except with mindfulness of Allah
- 10 AH Death of infant Ibrahim b. Muhammad
- 11 AH Death of Rasūlullāh عليه الله
  - Hadith Jibril
  - Wanting to write something (4 days earlier) Incident of girtas.
  - Salat al-Maghrib was the last prayer he led (Surat al-Mursalat)
  - Ordering Abu Bakr to lead prayers
  - In the arms of `A'ishah in her house
  - Du`a for al-Rafiq al-A`la
  - o Afternoon of Monday, 12th of Rabi` al-Awwal
  - Buried in the house of `A'ishah
- 11 AH Death of Fatimah bt. Muhammad

# The Righteous Caliphate

- 11 AH 1st Khalifah: Abu Bakr (2 years)
  - Election:
    - Best sahabi. Elected by consensus
    - Indications by Rasulullah
    - Minority: Rasulullah ﷺ clearly said (Ibn Hazm)
  - o Titie: "Khalifat Rasūlullāh صلي الله "
  - Wars of apostasy / riddah
  - False prophets (Musaylimah, etc.)
  - Several top companions martyred
  - Conquest of Syria
- 12 AH First Compilation of the Quran
- 13 AH Death of Abu Bakr
  - Natural death at the age of 63

- o Buried in the house of `A'ishah next to Rasūlullāh صليالله
- 13 AH 2nd Khalifah: `Umar b. al-Khattab (10 years)
  - Election:
    - Abu Bakr sought council
    - Umar selected by Abu Bakr
  - Titie: "Amir al-Mu'minin"
  - Conquest of Jerusalem
  - Conquests of Iran, Iraq, Syria, and Egypt
  - Division of Islamic state into provinces
  - Established a Shura of companions
  - Figh
    - Codified tarawih
    - Promoted learning of the Quran
    - Expansion of masjid, and masjid al-Nabawi
    - Increased punishment for drinking
    - Banned satire
    - Established levels of annual stipends to Sahaba
    - Moved Station of Ibrahim
    - Expelled the Jews from Arabia
- 23 AH Death of 'Umar b. al-Kattab (was 63 years old)
  - Killed at the age of 63
  - Killed by Abu Lu'lu'a Firuz, a Persian slave, in the masjid
  - Buried in the house of `A'ishah next to Abu Bakr

# Situation Before Uthman's Khilafah

- Expansion and 'growing pains'
- Money pouring into the Ummah
- Money being divided up by the level of the Sahabi
- Strictness of `Umar and softness of `Uthman
- Resentment against the levels of Sahabah
- Lack of Iman of new converts

# صلىالله Predictions of Rasūlullāh

- Bukhari:1435 Umar asked, 'Who amongst you remembers the statement of Rasūlullāh عليه about Fitnah?' [Hudhayfah] said, 'I know it as the Prophet (عليه) had said it.' ... `Umar said, 'I did not mean that, but I ask about that Fitnah which will spread like the waves of the sea.' I said, 'O Amir al-Mu'minin! You need not be afraid of it as there is a closed door between you and it.' He asked, 'Will the door be broken or opened?' I replied, 'No, it will be broken.' ... Hudhaifa said, "The door was `Umar.
- Ibn Majah:3952 Once the sword is fought-wtih in my Ummah, it will remain until Qiyamah

Muslim:934 Four things my Ummah will not abandon, boasting ranks, boasting lineage, ...

# Bias in Recorded History of This Time

- History at this written with political and creedal bias
- Authoritative history written centuries after: Tabari (224 H), Ibn Kathir (701 H)
- No chain of narrations at this time
- Pious predecessors did not want to talk about this time of tribulation
- Imam Ahmad: "That was a time when Allah saved us from using unsheathing our swords, now let us save ourselves by keeping are tongues sheathed."

#### • 23 AH 3rd Khalifah: 'Uthman b. 'Affan (12 vears)

- Appointed by a committee of 6 men set up by `Umar
  - `Ali b. Abu Talib, `Abdurrahman b. `Awf, Sa`d b. Abu Waqqas, `Uthman b. `Affan, Zubayr b. al-Awwam, Talhah b. `Ubaydullah
- Raided Spain, coastal Sicily, Conquered North Africa, coastal areas of Iberian Peninsula, islands of Rhodes and Cyprus, fully the Sasanian Empire, and eastern frontiers up to the lower Indus River

#### • 24 AH Final Codification of the Quran

- 29 AH Twelve grievances lodged against `Uthman
  - o Political reasons, a time of expansion, greed, and upheaval
- 35 AH Death of `Uthman b. `Affan
  - Mob from Egypt and the North sieged his house for a month
  - Murdered in his home (First Fitnah)
- 35 AH 4th Khalifah: `Ali b. Abu Talib (5 years)
  - Demand to avenge `Uthman's death, `Ali delayed
  - Moved capital to Kufah

## 36 AH Battle of the Camel ('A'ishah vs. Ali)

- Cause: Revenge of `Uthman
- o `A'isha, Talha, Zubayr with 600+ marched to Basrah to demand revenge
- Unintentional battle ensued and companions were split
- Thousands of Sahabahs died
- Emergence of Proto-Shi`at `Ali sect

### 37 AH Battle of Siffin (Ali vs. Mu`awiyah)

- Cause: Replacement of Mu`awiyah's governership
- `Ali's army met Mu`awiyah's at Siffin
- Tens of thousands of sahabas died
- o 6,000 extremist mobs from Harurah (Khawarij) abandoned truce-making
- First split in the Ummah: Formation of Kharijite sect

### 38 AH Battle of Nahrawan (Muslims vs. Khawarij)

- `Ali fought the Khawarij
- Most Khawarij killed

- 40 AH Death of `Ali b. Abu Talib
  - o Murdered by a Khariji, Ibn Muljim
- 41 AH 5th Khalifah: Hasan b. `Ali
  - Ceded to Mu`awiyah after 6 month
- 41 AH 1st Umayyad Khalifah: Mu`awiyah b. Abu Sufyan
  - Establishment of the Umayyad Dynasty
- 50 AH Death of Hasan b. `Ali
- 61 AH Battle of Karbala (Second Fitnah: Husayn vs. Yazid's Army)
  - o Massacre of Husayn b. `Ali's army
  - Boosted the Shi`at sect division
- 61 AH Death of Husayn b. `Ali